Financial Statements

June 30, 2021



Table of Contents

Section		Page
1	Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 1
2	Management's Discussion and Analysis	2 - 1
3	Basic Financial Statements	
	District-wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	3 - 1 3 - 3
	Fund Financial Statements Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of	3 - 4
	Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	3 - 6 3 - 7
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	3 - 9
	Notes to the Financial Statements	3 - 10
4	Required Supplementary Information	
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of School District's Pension Contributions Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	4 - 1 4 - 3 4 - 4 4 - 5
	Schedule of School District's OPEB Contributions	4 - 6

Section		Page
5	Other Supplementary Information	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	Combining Balance Sheet	5 - 1
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	5 - 2
	Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness	5 - 3



Independent Auditors' Report

Management and the Board of Education Romeo Community Schools Romeo, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Romeo Community Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Romeo Community Schools, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2021, the School District adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the school district's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the school district's pension contributions, schedule of the school district's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of the school district's OPEB contributions identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Romeo Community Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2021 on our consideration of Romeo Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Romeo Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Romeo Community Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

yeo & yeo, P.C.

September 20, 2021



This section of Romeo Community Schools' (the "School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read this in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Romeo Community Schools financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds - the General Fund, Sinking Fund and 2020 Facility Bond Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The format of the annual report is as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements
Government-wide Financial Statements
Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

Budgetary Information for Major Funds (Required Supplementary Information)

Other Supplementary Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole – Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the Schools District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (food services is an example) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects). The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020:

TABLE 1 Governmental Ac					
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020			
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 40,855,756	\$ 48,329,011			
Capital assets	129,351,345	120,483,151			
Total assets	170,207,101	168,812,162			
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability	26,935,542	29,657,927			
Deferred amount relating to net OPEB liability	9,640,011	7,854,779			
Total deferred outflows of resources	36,575,553	37,512,706			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	206,782,654	206,324,868			
Liabilities					
Current liabilities	11,760,476	10,752,769			
Long-term liabilities	211,893,231	214,542,273			
Total liabilities	223,653,707	225,295,042			
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability	5,119,777	8,952,493			
Deferred amount relating to net OPEB liability	13,378,960	9,164,004			
Total deferred inflows of resources	18,498,737	18,116,497			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	242,152,444	243,411,539			
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	66,009,303	62,540,061			
Restricted	1,865,448	3,198,460			
Unrestricted	(103,244,541)	(102,825,192)			
Total net position	\$ (35,369,790)	\$ (37,086,671)			

Table 1 focuses on the net position. The change in net position (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed later in this section. The School District's net position was (\$35,369,790) at June 30, 2021. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$66,009,303 compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position was unrestricted.

The (\$103,244,541) in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. The unrestricted net position balance enables the School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year. Also impacting the net position in fiscal year 2021 and 2020 were the net pension and net OPEB liabilities activities. The net pension liability was \$110,742,603 and the net OPEB liability was \$17,448,836 at June 30, 2021, contributing to a deficit unrestricted net position of (\$103,244,541).

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2021 and 2020.

TABLE 2	Governmental Activities					
	J	une 30, 2021	June 30, 202			
Revenue						
Program revenue:						
Charges for services	\$	919,150	\$	1,548,063		
Operating grants and contributions		16,345,364		10,852,677		
General revenue:						
Property taxes		19,064,479		18,078,742		
State aid - unrestricted		34,602,197		34,070,243		
Special education millage		3,184,120		843,903		
Interest and investment earnings		59,376		492,566		
Other		193,134		252,019		
Total revenue		74,367,820		66,138,213		
Functions/Program Expenses						
Instruction		43,671,390		43,133,692		
Supporting services		24,438,227		22,071,375		
Food services		1,802,699		1,740,231		
Community services		1,295,938		1,083,606		
Interest on long-term debt		2,546,077		2,524,018		
Total functions/program expenses		73,754,331		70,552,922		
Change in net position		613,489		(4,414,709)		
Net position - beginning		(35,983,279)		(32,671,962)		
Net position - ending	\$	(35,369,790)	\$	(37,086,671)		

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$73,754,331. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs of \$919,150 or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$16,345,364. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$19,064,479 in taxes, \$34,602,197 in unrestricted State Aid, and \$3,436,630 with our other revenues, i.e., interest and general entitlements.

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$613,489. The key reasons for the change in net position was due to the increase in revenues from both the Federal grants that were in granted through the CARES Act and the increase in the local revenues through the Special Education Millage increase, which was levied for the first time in 2020-2021.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$29,536,965, which is a decrease of \$9,640,670 from last year. The primary reason for the decrease in the combined fund balance is continued use of the 2016 Facilities Bond for capital improvement projects throughout the District.

In the General Fund, our principal operating fund, the fund balance increased \$3,062,638 during 2021. The change in fund balance is mainly due to the District's increase of Interdistrict revenue from the Macomb Intermediate School District due to the first year of a Countywide Special Education Millage, while expenditures did not increase at the same level.

Our Special Revenue Funds had a net decrease of \$3,020 in fund balance. The Food Services Fund increased its fund balance by \$47,114 primarily due to the fact the District continued to receive Federal reimbursement of school meals, all students began to receive free meals in the previous School year during the State mandated school closure. With the return to in-person learning, the Food Service Fund was able to benefit from added student a la carte sales, as well as, the Federal meal reimbursements. The Community Services Fund. which includes community facility use services and early childhood services, including after school care and preschool programs, as well as, infant and toddler care, had a decrease in fund balance of \$5,944 due to the cohorted hybrid return to learn plan for learning. The ability for the fund to charge for School Age Child Care services was limited as students were not in school full time, initially, for the 2020-2021 school year. In addition, many parents were hesitant to enroll preschool students into programs Their inability to provide and charge for services, had a significant impact on the Fund's ability to recoup labor costs. The District transferred \$210,000 from the General Fund in anticipation of the limitations of the Community Service Fund's inability to earn revenue exceeding labor costs. The District recognizes that the Fund may continue to need General Fund Support for the 2021-2022 fiscal year. The Student Activity Fund was added in 2021 due to the implementation of GASB 84.

Combined, the Debt Service Funds showed a fund balance increase of \$80,429. This modest increase is to maintain the fund balance at a moderate level.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplementary information of these financial statements.

There were revisions made to the 2020-2021 General Fund original budget. Revenues were adjusted to account for increases in State revenue that were State's budget that was adopted after June 30, 2020. Also, Federal grants revenue were adjusted for CARES Act funding that was allocated to 2021 expenditures.

Budgeted expenditures increased slightly due to related added expenses in reaction to COVID needs.

There were variances between the final budget and actual amounts. At the end of the 2020-2021 fiscal year, and after the final General Fund budget was adopted, the variance was due an overabundance of caution in projecting year end expenses and to some planned expenses were not able to be spent in the fiscal year prior to year-end.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2021, the School District had \$129,351,345 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of \$8,868,194.

		2021	2020
Land	\$	461,702	\$ 461,702
Construction in progress		7,860,476	5,429,707
Buildings and building improvements		152,691,238	143,265,566
Land improvements		8,971,366	8,646,326
Buses and other vehicles		4,641,051	4,641,051
Furniture and equipment	_	24,175,520	 23,447,994
Total capital assets		198,801,353	185,892,346
Less accumulated depreciation		(69,450,008)	 (65,409,195)
Net capital assets	\$	129,351,345	\$ 120,483,151

This year's net addition is a combination of the final expenditures of the new construction project of the renovation of the old high school to become the new middle school. The District moved the New Middle School out of the Construction in Progress to increase Building and Land Improvements, while the Construction in progress now includes the renovations of the 9th Grade Academy Improvements and Elementary building improvements completed by the fall of 2021. The old Romeo Middle School has been razed and is in the process of being returned to green space and a new Transportation Building is in the planning stages.

Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$73,845,000 in bonds outstanding versus \$65,830,000 in the previous year. Those bonds consisted of the following:

	 2021	 2020
General obligation bonds	\$ 73,845,000	\$ 79,065,000

The School District's general obligation bond rating is Aa1 by Moody's Investors Service. The School District's rating by Standard & Poor's is A. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt does not approach the state limit.

Other obligations include accrued compensated absences. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Our Board of Education and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2021-2022 fiscal year budget. Pupil enrollment projections, District Priorities as developed by the District Leadership Team, and the economic outlook at the State and National level.

At the May, 2021 Consensus Revenue Estimating Conference for the State of Michigan, the leaders from the House and Senate Fiscal Agencies and the State Treasurer met to come to a consensus of the 2020-2021 revenues and the projected revenues for the fiscal year 2021-2022. The May 2021 consensus estimate of FY 2020-21 GF/GP revenue was increased by \$1.0 billion from the January 2021

consensus revenue estimate, while consensus SAF revenue also was increased by \$1.0 billion. The May consensus estimates coupled with enacted appropriations and SFA projected expenditures for May 2021 resulted in a projected yearend balance of \$2.8 billion GF/GP and \$1.7 billion SAF. These significant changes to the budget estimates from the State for the end of fiscal year 2021 led the District to anticipate increases to the Per Pupil Foundation for the 2022 Fiscal Year. However, a State budget was not adopted by June 30, 2021. In July 2021 the Governor signed the FY 2021-22 School Aid Bill. The signing marks a historic milestone in school funding by eliminating the gap in funding between the minimum foundation and target foundation, making the new per pupil foundation allowance \$8,700 across the State. This increases the per pupil funding for Romeo Community Schools by \$433 per pupil or roughly \$2.2 million. There are also increases in At-Risk and special education funding. The Board of Education was updated regularly as information changed and the District used many resources to keep up with the latest developments as they changed, sometimes daily. The budget will be amended in the Fall after student counts are known.

As the 2021 fiscal year ended, the District received funding from the Federal Government under the CARES Act in the form of Coronavirus Relief, these funds were to provide districts with funding to pay for the added costs of educating students during the pandemic. This funding was the first of several waves of Federal relief that included the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) that was passed through the State of Michigan, and its later allocations through ESSER II and ESSER III allocations. Although all the ESSER funds have not been released, the District has established a multi-year plan to allocate the funds in response to the pandemic and the resulting learning loss. The funds will be used as provided for in the guidance published by the Department of Treasury.

In November of 2019, the voters in the Macomb County Intermediate School District boundaries approved a \$440 per pupil enhancement millage that will be distributed through the ISD to districts within the

County. This is a five-year millage and the District is grateful for the additional revenue and support of the community.

In addition, one of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2021 fiscal year changed after the adoption of the budget for the 2020-2021 fiscal year, for the 2020-2021 school year only the State is using a "Super Blend" which is intended to provide some budget stability for student declines. The "Super Blend" was not proposed in any of the State's budget scenarios for 2021-2022. and the District is planning on a return to pre-pandemic blended count of 90% of the Fall count and 10% of the previous Spring count. The adopted the 2021-2022 budget was adopted in June 2021, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in October 2021. Approximately 75 percent of total General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance. Under state law, the School District cannot assess additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, district funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2021-2022 and taking into account the pandemic protocol concerns for the school year, we anticipate that the fall student count will be lower than previous years with a reduction of 53.0 FTEs.

Since the School District's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to school districts. The State recently held an additional Consensus Revenue Estimating Conference in August, 2021 which gave a much brighter outlook for the 2021-2022 funding.

Amongst these budget highlights and challenges, the District must remain flexible and ready for health mandates and will continually monitor COVID cases within the student and staff populations. Although the 2021-2022 school will start will all students and staff inperson for learning, we will be ready to transition to remote learning, should the conditions changes. The District has also opened the

Romeo Virtual Academy for students grades 6-12 and the Romeo Elementary Academy for student's grades K-5 for those families that seek an alternative to in-person learning.

The District, as of June 30, 2021, has been in contract negotiations with the REA (teachers) union. To date, the REA contract has reached a tentative agreement, with a three-year contract through August, 2024. There are no other contracts currently open, and a three-year contract allows for budget planning stability for next few years. The financial impact of this contract settlement will be incorporated in future budget amendments.

The District plans to continue the improvement projects related to the 2016 Capital Projects Bond which the voters approved. The old high school was renovated to become the new Romeo Middle School, combining students from two separate middle schools into one larger campus. Students have been attending the new Romeo Middle School since the Fall of 2020. The District completed the plan to renovate the previous Powell Middle School to become the 9th Grade Academy at Powell in the Fall of 2020. The District completed classroom renovations in all of the Elementary Buildings and the District has moved forward with the demolition of the old Romeo Middle School, which had reached the end of its useful life. The current plan is to return the property to green space. Other renovation projects throughout the District will continue throughout the 2021-2022 school year, including a new transportation facility.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens and taxpayers with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the funds it received. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Business Office.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Romeo Community Schools Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Acceta	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash	\$ 28,625,714
Accounts receivable	144,963
Due from other governmental units	9,288,611
Inventory	161,699
Investments	2,573,005
Prepaid items	61,764
Capital assets not being depreciated	8,322,178
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	121,029,167
Capital assets - Het of accumulated depreciation	121,020,101
Total assets	170,207,101
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability	26,935,542
Deferred amount relating to net OPEB liability	9,640,011
Total deferred outflows of resources	36,575,553
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,558,178
Due to other governmental units	787,476
Accrued expenditures	563,973
Accrued salaries payable	4,975,798
Unearned revenue	875,051
Noncurrent liabilities	
Debt due within one year	5,942,843
Debt due in more than one year	77,758,949
Net pension liability	110,742,603
Net OPEB liability	<u>17,448,836</u>
Total liabilities	223,653,707

Romeo Community Schools Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred amount relating to net pension liability Deferred amount relating to net OPEB liability	\$ 5,119,777 13,378,960
Deferred amount relating to het OFEB liability	
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u> 18,498,737</u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	66,009,303
Restricted for	
Debt service	658,804
Capital projects	1,206,644
Unrestricted (deficit)	(103,244,541)
Total net position	\$ (35,369,790)

Romeo Community Schools Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		F					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs Governmental activities Instruction	\$ 43,671,390	\$ -	\$ 8,489,660	\$ -	\$ (35,181,730)		
Supporting services Food services Community services Interest on long-term debt	24,438,227 1,802,699 1,295,938 2,546,077	263,634 81,802 573,714	6,336,888 1,518,816	- - - -	(17,837,705) (202,081) (722,224) (2,546,077)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 73,754,331	\$ 919,150	\$ 16,345,364	<u>\$</u> -	(56,489,817)		
	General revenue Property taxes Property taxes Property taxes Special educt State aid - ur Interest and it Gain on sale Other		7,893,383 8,592,749 2,578,347 3,184,120 34,602,197 59,376 24,358 168,776				
	Total general revenues						
	Change in net position						
	Net position - b	peginning, as re	estated		(35,983,279)		
	\$ (35,369,790)						

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	General Sinking Fund Fund		2020 Facility Bond Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds	
Assets									
Cash	\$ 5,138,131	\$	2,947,318	\$	14,337,029	\$	6,203,236	\$	28,625,714
Accounts receivable	134,460		-		-		10,503		144,963
Due from other funds	772,349		-		-		881,399		1,653,748
Due from other governmental units	9,194,022		-		-		94,589		9,288,611
Inventory	138,232		-		-		23,467		161,699
Investments	-		-		2,502,425		70,580		2,573,005
Prepaid items	57,964			_		_	3,800		61,764
Total assets	\$ 15,435,158	\$	2,947,318	<u>\$</u>	16,839,454	\$	7,287,574	<u>\$</u>	42,509,504
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 391,338	\$	1,698,456	\$	1,198,595	\$	1,269,789	\$	4,558,178
Due to other funds	881,399		42,218		703,070		27,061		1,653,748
Due to other governmental units	787,476		-		-		-		787,476
Accrued expenditures	117,986		-		-		4,302		122,288
Accrued salaries payable	4,975,798		-		-		-		4,975,798
Unearned revenue	808,921	_				_	66,130		875,051
Total liabilities	7,962,918		1,740,674		1,901,665		1,367,282		12,972,539

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

	General Sinking Fund Fund		2020 Facility Bond Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total I Governmenta Funds		
Fund Balance									
Non-spendable									
Inventory	\$	138,232	\$ -	\$	-	\$	23,467	\$	161,699
Prepaid items		57,964	-		-		3,800		61,764
Restricted for									
Food service		-	-		-		244,442		244,442
Debt service		-	-		-		1,100,489		1,100,489
Capital projects		-	1,206,644		14,937,789		3,363,678		19,508,111
Assigned									
Budgeted use of fund balance in subsequent year		711,023	-		-		-		711,023
High school store		-	-		-		14,008		14,008
Community services		-	-		-		113,174		113,174
Unassigned		6,565,021	-		-		1,057,234		7,622,255
· ·									
Total fund balances		7,472,240	1,206,644		14,937,789		5,920,292	2	29,536,965
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	15,435,158	\$ 2,947,318	\$	16,839,454	\$	7,287,574	\$ 4	42,509,504

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 29,536,965
Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	8,322,178 121,029,167
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net OPEB liability Deferred outflows of resources resulting from OPEB liability	(5,119,777) 26,935,542 (13,378,960) 9,640,011
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest	(441,685)
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Compensated absences Bonds payable Bond premium	(110,742,603) (17,448,836) (2,058,283) (73,845,000) (7,798,509)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (35,369,790)

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Sinking Fund	2020 Facility Bond Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 8,323,453	\$ 2,579,793	\$ 19,900	\$ 10,132,982	\$ 21,056,128
State sources	44,271,796	-	-	360,369	44,632,165
Federal sources	3,999,591	-	-	1,468,532	5,468,123
Interdistrict sources	3,187,046				3,187,046
Total revenues	59,781,886	2,579,793	19,900	11,961,883	74,343,462
Expenditures					
Current					
Education					
Instruction	37,172,438	-	-	-	37,172,438
Supporting services	18,981,260	193	-	1,222,847	20,204,300
Food services	-	-	-	1,551,417	1,551,417
Community services	130,470	-	-	789,504	919,974
Intergovernmental payments	7,000	-	-	-	7,000
Capital outlay	260,518	4,016,357	4,085,020	7,308,736	15,670,631
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	-	5,220,000	5,220,000
Interest and other expenditures				3,294,401	3,294,401
Total expenditures	56,551,686	4,016,550	4,085,020	19,386,905	84,040,161
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,230,200	(1,436,757)	(4,065,120)	(7,425,022)	(9,696,699)

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Sinking Fund	2020 Facility Bond Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	\$ 42,451 - (210,013)	\$ - - -	\$ - 19,002,909 -	\$ 13,578 210,013 (19,002,909)	\$ 56,029 19,212,922 (19,212,922)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(167,562)		19,002,909	(18,779,318)	56,029
Net change in fund balances	3,062,638	(1,436,757)	14,937,789	(26,204,340)	(9,640,670)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	4,409,602	2,643,401		32,124,632	39,177,635
Fund balances - ending	\$ 7,472,240	\$ 1,206,644	\$ 14,937,789	\$ 5,920,292	\$ 29,536,965

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - Total governmental funds	\$ (9,640,670)
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay Sale of capital assets (net book value)	(4,054,567) 12,954,432 (31,671)
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities. Interest Benefit claims Compensated absences	23,316 33,000 (107,089)
The statement of net position reports the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net pension liability and pension expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual pension contributions. Net change in net pension liability Net change in the deferrals of resources related to the net pension liability	(8,229,113) 1,110,331
The statement of net position reports the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net OPEB liability and OPEB expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual OPEB contributions. Net change in net OPEB liability Net change in the deferrals of resources related to the net OPEB liability	5,040,236 (2,429,724)
Bond and note proceeds and capital leases are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are recorded as liabilities and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Repayments of long-term debt Amortization of premiums	5,220,000 725,008
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 613,489

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Romeo Community Schools (School District) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the School District's significant accounting policies:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. The School District has no component units.

District-wide Financial Statements

The School District's basic financial statements include both district-wide (reporting for the district as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds). The district—wide financial statements categorize all nonfiduciary activities as either governmental or business type. All of the School District's activities are classified as governmental activities.

The statement of net position presents governmental activities on a consolidated basis, using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position.

The statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, state sources and federal sources, interest income, etc.). The school district does not allocate indirect costs. In creating the district-wide financial statements the School District has eliminated interfund transactions.

The district-wide focus is on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from current year activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to record the general operations of the School District pertaining to education and those operations not required to be provided for in other funds.

<u>Sinking Fund</u> – The Sinking Fund is used to record the sinking fund property tax levy and other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically for acquiring new school sites, construction or repair of school buildings.

<u>2020 Facility Bond Fund</u> – The 2020 Facilities Bond Capital Projects Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for new and updated facilities.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The School District's Special Revenue Funds include Food Services, High School Store, and Community Services Funds. Operating deficits generated by these activities are generally transferred from the General Fund.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> – Debt Service Funds are used to record tax, interest, and other revenue and the payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

<u>2016 Facility Bond Fund</u> – The 2016 Facilities Bond Capital Projects Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for new and updated facilities

<u>Technology Bond Fund</u> – The Technology Bond Capital Projects Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursements of invoices specifically designated for acquiring and installing technology equipment and technology infrastructure in school buildings and other facilities, and remodeling, equipping, and re-equipping school buildings and other facilities with respect to the installation of technology equipment and infrastructure.

<u>Bus Bond Fund</u> – The Bus Bond Capital Projects Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for acquiring school buses.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

<u>Cash</u> – Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. To the extent that cash from various funds has been pooled in an investment, related investment income has been allocated to each fund based on relative participation in the pool.

<u>Investments</u> – Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> – Generally, outstanding amounts owed between funds are classified as "due from/to other funds". These amounts are caused by transferring revenues and expenses between funds to get them into the proper reporting fund. These balances are paid back as cash flow permits.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Property taxes collected are based upon the approved tax rate for the year of levy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rates are as follows per \$1,000 of assessed value.

General Fund

Non-principal residence exemption	18.00000
Commercial personal property	6.00000
Debt Service Funds	3.99000
Sinking Fund	1.23960

School property taxes are assessed and collected in accordance with enabling state legislation by cities and townships within the School District's boundaries.

The property tax levy runs from July 1 to June 30. Property taxes become a lien on the first day of the levy year and are due on or before September 14 or February 14. Collections are forwarded to the School District as collected by the assessing municipalities. Real property taxes uncollected as of March 1 are purchased by the County of Macomb and remitted to the School District by May 15.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u> – Inventories are valued at cost, on a firstin, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years. For such payments in governmental funds the School District follows the consumption method, and they therefore are capitalized as prepaid items in both district-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The School District defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost in excess of \$5,000. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The

School District does not have infrastructure assets. Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building improvements	20-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Buses and other vehicles	5-10 years
Furniture and other equipment	5-15 years
Software	5 years

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For district-wide financial statements, the School District reports deferred outflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB plan earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from plan investments and what is actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and OPEB expense. Changes in assumptions relating to the net pension and OPEB liabilities are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plans. The School District also reported deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB contributions made after the measurement date. This amount will reduce the net pension and OPEB liabilities in the following year.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The liability for compensated absences reported in the district-wide financial statements, consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> – In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period.

In the School District's fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

<u>Pension</u> – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions</u> – For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental funds this includes unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. For district-wide financial statements, the School District reports deferred inflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB plan earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plan expected to earn from the plan investments and what the plan actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and OPEB expense. Changes in assumptions relating to the net pension and OPEB liabilities are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plans. Deferred inflows of resources also includes revenue received relating to the amounts included in the deferred outflows for payments related to MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) Stabilization defined benefit pension statutorily required contributions.

<u>Fund Equity</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

Non-spendable – amounts that are not available in a spendable form.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for specific purposes. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the board of education.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, as determined by the Board of Education or Superintendent. Residual amounts in governmental funds other than the general fund are automatically assigned by their nature.

<u>Unassigned</u> – all other resources; the remaining fund balances after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the District's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: (1) committed, (2) assigned, (3) unassigned.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, as well as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* improves the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The focus of the criteria includes the following: (1) is the government controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable are: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally will report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or similar arrangement that meets specific criteria.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

Statement No. 87, *Leases* increases the usefulness of the District's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee will be required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use a lease asset, and a lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about the District's leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The School District is evaluating the impact that the above GASB will have on its financial reporting.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end, thereby canceling all encumbrances. These appropriations are reestablished at the beginning of the year.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. A district is not considered in violation of the law if reasonable procedures are in use by the School District to detect violations.

The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between functions within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education throughout the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Compliance - Sinking Funds

The Capital Project Fund records capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, management believes the School District has complied, in all material respects, with the applicable provisions of § 1212(1) of the Revised School Code and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury Letter No. 2004-4.

Compliance - Bond Proceeds

The Capital Projects Funds include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, management believes the School District has complied, in all material respects, with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code. The following is a summary of the revenue and expenditures in the Bus Bond Fund, Technology Bond Fund, 2016 Facilities Bond Fund and 2020 Facilities Bond Fund from the inception of the funds through the current fiscal year:

	Bus Bond	Technology Bond	2016 Facility Bond	2020 Facility Bond
Revenues Expenditures	\$ 2,113,310 528,045	\$ 4,523,245 3,569,407	\$ 88,331,812 87,507,237	\$ 19,022,809 4,085,020
	<u>\$ 1,585,265</u>	\$ 953,838	<u>\$ 824,575</u>	\$ 14,937,789

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

The School District's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmental Activities
Cash Investments	\$ 28,625,714 2,573,005
	\$ 31,198,719

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the School District is as follows:

Deposits (checking, savings accounts, money markets, certificates of deposit)	\$ 9,224,496
Investments in securities, mutual funds,	ψ 9,224,490
and similar vehicles	21,971,778
Petty cash and cash on hand	2,445
Total	\$ 31,198,719

As of year end, the School District had the following investments:

					Rating
Investment	Fair Value		Maturities Rating		Organization
External investment pools Michigan Liquid Asset Fund MILAF + Portfolio					
	•	4 000 407	N1/A		000
Cash Management Class	\$	4,600,467	N/A	AAAm	S&P
MAX Class		14,798,367	N/A	AAAm	S&P
MILAF Managed Account Federal Home Loan					
Bank Notes Fannie Mae Benchmark		2,000,610	2 years	AA+	S&P
Notes Dreyfus Government Cash		501,754	5 years	AA+	S&P
Management		70,580			
	\$	21,971,778			

The valuation method for investments measured at net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is discussed below.

As of June 30, 2021, the net asset value of the School District's investment in MILAF + Portfolio was \$19,398,834. Participation in the investment pool has not resulted in any unfunded commitments. Shares are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made provided the District has sufficient shares to meet the redemption request. In the event of an emergency that would make the determination of net asset value not reasonably practical, the Trust's Board of Trustee's may suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment. The net asset value ("NAV") per share of the MILAF+ Portfolio is calculated as of the close of business each business day by dividing the net position of that Portfolio by the number of its outstanding shares. It is the MILAF+ Portfolio's objective to maintain a NAV of \$1.00 per share, however, there is no assurance that this objective will be achieved. The exact price for share transactions will be determined based on the NAV next calculated after receipt of a properly executed order. The number of shares purchased or redeemed will be determined by the NAV.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – In accordance with its investment policy, the School District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than 9 months.

<u>Credit risk</u> – State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have an office in Michigan; the School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles.

<u>Concentration of credit risk</u> – The School District's investment policy places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

<u>Custodial credit risk – deposits</u> – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$9,939,483 of the School District's bank balance of \$10,189,483 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

<u>Custodial credit risk – investments</u> – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of year end, none of the School District's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

- Amounts invested in Dreyfus Government Cash Management of \$70,580. The investments are valued at fair market value using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Asset backed securities, primary invested in Federal Government Mortgage Loans (Fannie Mae) of \$2,502,364. Pricing models

whose inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the asset (Level 2 inputs).

Note 5 - Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in governmental capital assets is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 461,702	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 461,702
Construction-in-progress	5,429,707	10,642,618	8,211,849	7,860,476
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,891,409	10,642,618	8,211,849	8,322,178
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and building improvements	143,265,566	9,425,672	-	152,691,238
Land improvements	8,646,326	325,040	-	8,971,366
Buses and other vehicles	4,641,051	-	-	4,641,051
Furniture and equipment	23,447,994	772,951	45,425	24,175,520
Total capital assets being depreciated	180,000,937	10,523,663	45,425	190,479,175
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and building improvements	39,215,782	2,592,215	-	41,807,997
Land improvements	4,001,733	384,727	-	4,386,460
Buses and other vehicles	3,154,376	422,126	-	3,576,502
Furniture and equipment	19,037,304	655,499	13,754	19,679,049
Total accumulated depreciation	65,409,195	4,054,567	13,754	69,450,008
Net capital assets being depreciated	114,591,742	6,469,096	31,671	121,029,167
Net capital assets	\$ 120,483,151	\$ 17,111,714	\$ 8,243,520	\$ 129,351,345

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the School District as follows:

Note 6 - Interfund Receivable and Payable and Transfers

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at year end were:

Governmental activities					
Instruction	\$ 2,518,343	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Supporting services	1,368,793	Canaral Fund	2020 Facilities Bond Fund	Φ	702.070
Food services	105,105	General Fund General Fund	2020 Facilities Bond Fund Sinking Fund	Ъ	703,070 42,218
Community services	62,326	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		27,061
		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		881,399
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 4,054,567</u>			\$	1,653,748
				<u>*</u>	.,555,7 10

Remaining

Construction Contracts

The School District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2021. At year end, the School District's commitment with contractors is as follows:

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Management does not anticipate individual interfund balances to remain outstanding for periods in excess of one year.

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

		Construction
		Commitment
	Total Contract	at Year End
Project		
Elementary School	\$ 5,537,508	\$ 2,687,553
High School	41,026,076	160,084
Middle School	5,955,109	130,304
RMS flooring and signage	329,615	116,215
9th Grade Academy	2,515,983	615,852
Bus garage	135,300	115,005
Tennis courts	21,525	19,373
Total	\$ 55,521,116	\$ 3,844,386

	Transfers Out		
	General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Transfers in 2020 Facility Bond Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ - 210,013	\$ 19,002,909 	\$ 19,002,909 210,013
	\$ 210,013	\$ 19,002,909	\$ 19,212,922

Transfers in from General Fund to nonmajor governmental funds were for revenues collected by General Fund for the Food Service Fund and Community Services Fund. Transfers in from nonmajor governmental funds to the 2020 Facility Bond Fund were to transfer funds for the 2020 bond that were originally recorded in a single bond fund with the 2016 Facility Bond.

Note 7 - Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the components of unearned revenue are as follows:

Student meals	\$ 48,225
Child care	17,905
Grant and categorical aid payments received prior to	
meeting all eligibility requirements	 808,921
Total	\$ 875,051

Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

The School District issues bonds and contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. The State can withhold state aid if it has to make a bond payment on behalf of the School District related to qualified bonds. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences.

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

					Amount Due
	Beginning			Ending	Within One
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Year
Bonds payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 79,065,000	\$ -	\$ 5,220,000	\$ 73,845,000	\$ 5,455,000
Premium on bonds	8,523,517		725,008	7,798,509	
	87,588,517	-	5,945,008	81,643,509	5,455,000
Other liabilities					
Compensated absences	1,951,194	1,827,879	1,720,790	2,058,283	487,843
Total	\$ 89,539,711	\$ 1,827,879	\$ 7,665,798	\$ 83,701,792	\$ 5,942,843
General obligation following:	bonds p	ayable at	year en	d, consist	ts of the
2017 Technology and Bus installments of \$780,000 t 3.00%		•	•		2,770,000
2016 Facilities Bonds - \$5 \$500,000 to \$3,800,000 th		•			52,325,000
Bus Bonds - \$3,100,000 is to \$500,000 through May	*		nents of \$325	,000	500,000
2020 Facilities Bonds - \$1 \$675,000 to \$2,025,000 th	<i>'</i>	•			18,250,000
				•	

\$ 73,845,000

Total general obligation bonded debt

Future principal and interest requirements for bonded debt are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
Year Ending June 30,			
2022	\$ 5,455,000	\$ 3,085,562	\$ 8,540,562
2023	3,690,000	2,916,012	6,606,012
2024	2,400,000	2,778,562	5,178,562
2025	2,500,000	2,678,062	5,178,062
2026	2,600,000	2,573,312	5,173,312
2027-2031	14,650,000	11,117,560	25,767,560
2032-2036	17,925,000	7,665,310	25,590,310
2037-2041	22,000,000	3,318,126	25,318,126
2042-2044	2,625,000	118,126	2,743,126
Total	\$ 73,845,000	\$ 36,250,632	\$ 110,095,632

The general obligation bonds are payable from the debt service funds. As of year end, the debt service funds had a combined fund balance of \$1,100,489 to pay this debt. Future debt and interest will be payable from future tax levies. Other long-term debt liabilities are expected to be paid primarily by General Fund resources.

Compensated Absences

Accrued compensated absences at year end, consist of \$2,058,283 of vacation and sick hours earned and vested. The amount anticipated to be paid out over the next year is included within the amounts listed as due within one year.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) and certain medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for the protection of real and personal property. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 - Pension Plans and Post Employment Benefits

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017

valuation will be amortized over a 19-year period beginning October 1, 2019 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Pension Contribution Rates

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	13.39 - 19.41%
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0	13.39 - 19.41
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4	16.46
Pension Plus 2	6.2	19.59
Defined Contribution	0.0	13.39

Required contributions to the pension plan from the School District were \$8,859,547 for the year ending September 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported a liability of \$110,742,603 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2019. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2020, the School District's proportion was 0.3224 percent, which was an increase of 0.0128 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

For the plan year ending September 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of \$16,031,643 for the measurement period. For the reporting period ending June 30, 2021, the School District recognized total pension contribution expense of \$9,685,486.

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred	
	Outflows of	(Inflows) of	
	Resources	Resources	Total
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	\$ 1,692,056	\$ (236,364)	\$ 1,455,692
Changes in assumptions	12,271,348	-	12,271,348
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	465,291	-	465,291
Changes in proportion and differences			
between district contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions	3,297,494	(669,627)	2,627,867
	17,726,189	(905,991)	16,820,198
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	9,209,353	(4,213,786)	4,995,567
	\$ 26,935,542	\$ (5,119,777)	\$ 21,815,765

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District will offset the contribution expense in the year ended June 30, 2022 with the 147c supplemental income received subsequent to the measurement date which is included in the deferred inflows of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows during the following plan years:

Deferred (Inflow) and Deferred Outflow of Resources by Ye	ar
(To Be Recognized in Future Pension Expenses)	

2021	\$ 7,000,926
2022	5,402,130
2023	3,285,696
2024	 1,131,446
	\$ 16,820,198

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

- Valuation Date: September 30, 2019
- Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal
- Wage inflation rate: 2.75%
- Investment Rate of Return:
 - o MIP and Basic Plans: 6.80% net of investment expenses
 - o Pension Plus Plan: 6.80% net of investment expenses
 - o Pension Plus 2 Plan: 6.0% net of investment expenses
- Projected Salary Increases: 2.75 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
- Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments: 3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
- Mortality:
 - Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
 - Active Members: Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees is 4.4892 years.

Recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2020 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0%	5.6%
Alternative Investment Pools	16.0	9.3
International Equity	15.0	7.4
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	0.5
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.9
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	3.2
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.6
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.1)
	100.0%	

^{*}Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.1% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.37%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2, hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

Current Single				
		Discount Rate		
	1% Decrease*	Assumption*	1% Increase*	
	5.80% / 5.80% / 5.00%	6.80% / 6.80% / 6.00%	7.80% / 7.80% / 7.00%	
	\$ 143,337,514	\$ 110,742,603	\$ 83,728,687	

*Discount rates listed in the following order: Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP), Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2.

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS)

There were no significant payables to the pension plan that are not ordinary accruals to the School District.

Note 11 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980. as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2017 valuation will be amortized over a 19-year period beginning October 1, 2019 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

OPEB Contribution Rates

Benefit Structure	Member	Employer
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.09%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00	7.57

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the School District were \$2,301,180 for the year ended September 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported a liability of \$17,448,836 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2019. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2020, the School District's proportion was 0.3257 percent, which was an increase of 0.0124 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

For the plan year ending September 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$258,439) for the measurement period. For the reporting period ending June 30, 2021, the School District recognized total OPEB contribution expense of \$2,358,935.

At June 30, 2021, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred (Inflows) of Resources	Total
	Resources	- Resources	Total
Difference between expected and actual			
experience	\$ -	\$ (13,001,014)	\$ (13,001,014)
Changes in assumptions	5,753,228	-	5,753,228
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	145,630	-	145,630
Changes in proportion and differences between			
district contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions	1,587,808	(377,946)	1,209,862
	7,486,666	(13,378,960)	(5,892,294)
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,153,345		2,153,345
	\$ 9,640,011	\$ (13,378,960)	\$ (3,738,949)

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows during the following plan years:

Deferred (Inflow) and Deferred Outflow of Resources by Year
(To Be Recognized in Future OPEB Expenses)

2021	\$ (1,704,632)
2022	(1,501,848)
2023	(1,132,007)
2024	(818,608)
2025	(735,199)
	\$ (5,892,294)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions:

- Valuation Date: September 30, 2019
- Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age, Normal
- Wage inflation rate: 2.75%
- Investment Rate of Return: 6.95% net of investment expenses
- Projected Salary Increases: 2.75 11.55%, including wage inflation of 2.75%
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate: 7.0% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 12
- Mortality:
 - Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
 - Active Members: Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Other Assumptions:

- Opt Out Assumptions: 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan
- Survivor Coverage: 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death
- Coverage Election at Retirement: 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2020, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2019, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees is 5.6018 years.

Recognition period for assets 5 years.

Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2019 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	25.0%	5.6%
Alternative Investment Pools	16.0	9.3
International Equity	15.0	7.4
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	0.5
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.9
Absolute Return Pools	9.0	3.2
Real Return/Opportunistic Pools	12.5	6.6
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0	(0.1)
	100.0%	

^{*}Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.1% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.24%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was

projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

Current Discount					
1% Decrease Rate 1% Increase					1% Increase
	5.95%		6.95%	7.95%	
\$	22,415,013	\$	17,448,836	\$	13,267,731

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease	(Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase
\$	13,107,645	\$	17,448,836	\$	22,386,406

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

There were no significant payables to the OPEB plan that are not ordinary accruals to the School District.

Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subjected to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of costs which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. A separate report on federal compliance has been issued for the year June 30, 2021.

Note 13 - Tax Abatements

The School District receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions and Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements granted by cities, villages, and townships within the County. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities, or to rehabilitate historical facilities; Brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the School District's property tax revenues were reduced by \$146,572 under these programs.

There are no significant abatements made by the School District.

Note 14 - Change in Accounting Principle

As indicated in Note 1, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 84 has been adopted. The standard requires this change be applied retroactively. The impact of this change is to increase beginning fund balance by \$1,103,392 as of July 1, 2020 in the Student Activity Fund, restating it from \$0 to \$1,103,392, in the nonmajor governmental funds, restating it from \$31,021,240 to \$32,124,632, and beginning net position in the statement of activities, restating it from (\$37,086,671) to (\$35,983,279).



Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted		Over	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Under) Budget
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 8,475,392	\$ 8,137,711	\$ 8,323,453	\$ 185,742
State sources	39,341,978	44,190,733	44,271,796	81,063
Federal sources	2,089,399	4,184,969	3,999,591	(185,378)
Interdistrict sources	3,128,383	3,185,373	3,187,046	1,673
Total revenues	53,035,152	59,698,786	59,781,886	83,100
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic programs	28,208,386	30,173,861	29,560,497	(613,364)
Added needs	7,028,437	7,829,145	7,611,941	(217,204)
Supporting services				
Pupil	3,406,537	3,569,792	3,412,202	(157,590)
Instructional staff	3,076,802	2,892,029	2,744,662	(147,367)
General administration	583,633	627,834	612,724	(15,110)
School administration	3,260,126	3,027,566	3,015,824	(11,742)
Business	822,394	941,777	944,941	3,164
Operations and maintenance	4,633,378	5,103,143	4,846,930	(256,213)
Pupil transportation services	2,395,589	1,996,102	1,839,739	(156,363)
Central	940,793	972,017	790,188	(181,829)
Athletic activities	866,963	819,571	774,050	(45,521)
Community services	11,615	120,260	130,470	10,210
Intergovernmental payments	14,045	7,000	7,000	-
Capital outlay	201,014	308,302	260,518	(47,784)
Total expenditures	55,449,712	58,388,399	56,551,686	(1,836,713)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,414,560)	1,310,387	3,230,200	1,919,813

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts Over	
	(Under) Original Final Actual Budget	_
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	\$ - \$ 42,451 \$ 42,451 \$ - 2,283 (13,150) (220,990) (210,013) (10,977)	<u>7</u>)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(10,867) (178,539) (167,562) (10,977)	<u>7</u>)
Net change in fund balance	(2,425,427) 1,131,848 3,062,638 1,908,836	3
Fund balance - beginning	4,409,602 4,409,602 -	_
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$ 1,984,175</u>	<u>3</u>

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Measurement Date September 30th, of Each June Fiscal Year)

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
A.	School District's proportion of net pension liability (%)	0.03224%	0.30960%	0.30574%	0.31008%	0.31800%	0.33240%	0.33093%			
В.	School District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$110,742,603	\$102,513,490	\$ 91,906,174	\$ 80,355,630	\$ 79,349,119	\$ 81,198,019	\$ 72,891,862			
C.	School District's covered payroll	\$ 28,780,962	\$ 27,299,533	\$ 25,624,554	\$ 25,842,557	\$ 26,288,571	\$ 27,651,260	\$ 28,679,893			
D.	School District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	384.78%	375.51%	358.66%	310.94%	301.84%	293.65%	254.16%			
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%			

Note Disclosures

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in plan fiscal year 2020.

Changes on benefit assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in plan fiscal year 2020.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Pension Contributions

Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
A.	Statutorily required contributions	\$ 9,685,486	\$ 8,817,711	\$ 8,127,143	\$ 8,484,009	\$ 4,877,622	\$ 5,188,389	\$ 6,060,184			
B.	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	9,685,486	8,817,711	8,127,143	8,484,009	4,877,622	5,188,389	6,060,184			
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
D.	School District's covered payroll	\$ 28,487,302	\$ 28,851,583	\$ 26,936,718	\$ 25,684,574	\$ 25,892,315	\$ 26,844,402	\$ 28,537,317			
E.	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	34.00%	30.56%	30.17%	33.03%	18.84%	19.33%	21.24%			

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (Measurement Date September 30th, of Each June Fiscal Year)

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
A.	School District's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.03257%	0.31330%	0.30130%	0.30970%						
B.	School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 17,448,836	\$ 22,489,072	\$ 23,950,367	\$ 27,421,914						
C.	School District's covered payroll	\$ 28,780,962	\$ 27,299,533	\$ 25,624,554	\$ 25,842,557						
D.	School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	60.63%	82.38%	93.47%	106.11%						
E.	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%						

Note Disclosures

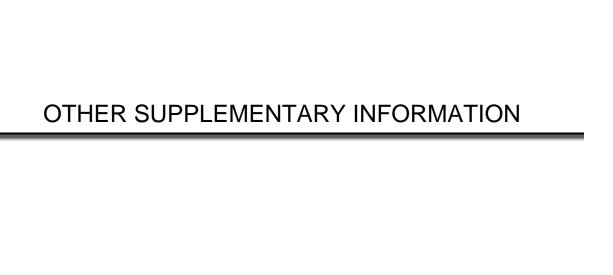
Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms in plan fiscal year 2020.

Changes on benefit assumptions: There were no changes of benefit assumptions in plan fiscal year 2020.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years

		2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015	 2014	201	3	2012
A.	Statutorily required contributions	\$ 2,358,935	\$ 2,372,375	\$ 2,169,972	\$ 1,949,180							
В.	Contributions in relation to statutorily required contributions	2,358,935	 2,372,375	 2,169,972	 1,949,180							
C.	Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>							
D.	School District's covered payroll	\$ 28,487,302	\$ 28,851,583	\$ 26,936,718	\$ 25,684,574							
E.	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.28%	8.22%	8.06%	7.59%							



Romeo Community Schools Other Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2021

		Special Rev	enue Funds			De	ebt Service Fur	ıds		Car	oital Project Fu	ınds	Total
	Food Services Fund	Student Activity Fund	High School Store Fund	Community Services Fund	2016 Facility Bond Debt Fund	2015 Refunding Fund	Technology Bond Debt Fund	Bus Bond Debt Fund	2020 Facility Bond Debt Fund	2016 Facility Bond Fund	Technology Bond Fund	Bus Bond Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets													
Cash	\$ 215,973	\$ 1,066,400	\$ 13,732	\$ -	\$ 616,142	\$ -	\$ 197,693	\$ 79,077	\$ 207,577	\$ 1,264,310	\$ 957,067	\$ 1,585,265	\$ 6,203,236
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	10,503	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,503
Due from other funds	-	-	276	135,835	-	-	-	-	-	745,288	-	-	881,399
Due from other governmental units	94,589	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	94,589
Inventory	18,684	-	4,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,467
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,580	-	-	70,580
Prepaid items				3,800									3,800
Total assets	\$ 329,246	\$ 1,066,400	\$ 18,791	\$ 150,138	\$ 616,142	\$ -	\$ 197,693	\$ 79,077	\$ 207,577	\$ 2,080,178	\$ 957,067	\$ 1,585,265	\$ 7,287,574
Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,957	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,255,603	\$ 3,229	\$ -	\$ 1,269,789
Due to other funds	17,895	9,166	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,061
Accrued expenditures	-	-	_	4,302	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	4,302
Unearned revenue	48,225			17,905									66,130
Total liabilities	66,120	9,166		33,164				-		1,255,603	3,229		1,367,282
Fund Balance													
Non-spendable													
Inventory	18,684	-	4,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,467
Prepaid items	-	-	-	3,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,800
Restricted for				•									•
Food service	244,442	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244,442
Debt service	-	-	-	-	616,142	-	197,693	79,077	207,577	-	-	-	1,100,489
Capital projects	_	-	-	-	, -	-	-	-	-	824,575	953,838	1,585,265	3,363,678
Committed	_	1,057,234	-	-	-	-	-			, -	-	, , -	1,057,234
Assigned			14,008	113,174			_						127,182
Total fund balances	263,126	1,057,234	18,791	116,974	616,142		197,693	79,077	207,577	824,575	953,838	1,585,265	5,920,292
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 329,246	\$ 1,066,400	\$ 18,791	\$ 150,138	\$ 616,142	\$ -	\$ 197,693	\$ 79,077	\$ 207,577	\$ 2,080,178	\$ 957,067	\$ 1,585,265	\$ 7,287,574

Romeo Community Schools Other Supplementary Information Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Special Rev	enue Funds			Debt Service Funds				Cap	Total		
	Food Services Fund	Student Activity Fund	High School Store Fund	Community Services Fund	2016 Facility Bond Debt Fund	2015 Refunding Fund	Technology Bond Debt Fund	Bus Bond Debt Fund	2020 Facility Bond Debt Fund	2016 Facility Bond Fund	Technology Bond Fund	Bus Bond Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues Local sources State sources	\$ 88,218 66,584	\$1,157,358 -	\$ 21,299 -	\$ 557,260 -	\$ 4,358,144 -	\$ 947,440 176,271	\$ 694,620 117,514	\$ 903,012	\$ 1,397,829 -	\$ 7,056 -	\$ 321	\$ 425 -	\$ 10,132,982 360,369
Federal sources	1,452,232			16,300									1,468,532
Total revenues	1,607,034	1,157,358	21,299	573,560	4,358,144	1,123,711	812,134	903,012	1,397,829	7,056	321	425	11,961,883
Expenditures Current Education													
Supporting services	-	1,203,516	19,331	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,222,847
Food services	1,551,417	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,551,417
Community services	-	-	-	789,504	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	789,504
Capital outlay	8,516	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,991,078	309,142	-	7,308,736
Debt service					4 400 000	4.075.000	045.000	000 000	750 000				5 000 000
Principal Interest and other expenditures	-	-	-	-	1,400,000 2,686,803	1,375,000 27,644	815,000 82,053	880,000 57,649	750,000 440,252	-	-	-	5,220,000 3,294,401
Total expenditures	1,559,933	1,203,516	19,331	789,504	4,086,803	1,402,644	897,053	937,649	1,190,252	6,991,078	309,142	-	19,386,905
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	47,101	(46,158)	1,968	(215,944)	271,341	(278,933)	(84,919)	(34,637)	207,577	(6,984,022)	(308,821)	425	(7,425,022)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	- 13 	- - -	- - -	210,000 	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - _(19,002,909)	13,578 - 	- - -	13,578 210,013 (19,002,909)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13			210,000						(19,002,909)	13,578		(18,779,318)
Net change in fund balances	47,114	(46,158)	1,968	(5,944)	271,341	(278,933)	(84,919)	(34,637)	207,577	(25,986,931)	(295,243)	425	(26,204,340)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	216,012	1,103,392	16,823	122,918	344,801	278,933	282,612	113,714		26,811,506	1,249,081	1,584,840	32,124,632
Fund balances - ending	\$ 263,126	\$1,057,234	\$ 18,791	\$ 116,974	\$ 616,142	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 197,693	\$ 79,077	\$ 207,577	\$ 824,575	\$ 953,838	\$1,585,265	\$ 5,920,292

Romeo Community Schools Other Supplementary Information **Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness** June 30, 2021

2017 School Technology and Bus Bonds Original amount of issue: \$6,015,000 Interest rate: 2.00% to 3.00%

Year Ending	Principal	Semi- Interest F	Total Fiscal Year	
June 30,	May 1st	November 1st	May 1st	Requirements
2022 2023	\$ 1,355,000 1,415,000	•	\$ 41,550 21,225	\$ 1,438,100 1,457,450
	\$ 2,770,000	\$ 62,775	\$ 62,775	\$ 2,895,550

2016 Facilities Bonds

Voor Ending		Dringing	Semi- Interest	Total	
Year Ending June 30,		Principal May 1st	November 1st	May 1st	Fiscal Year Requirements
Julie 30,		May 15t	November 1st	iviay 15t	Requirements
2022	\$	1,575,000	\$ 1,308,125	\$ 1,308,125	\$ 4,191,250
2023		1,650,000	1,268,750	1,268,750	4,187,500
2024		1,750,000	1,227,500	1,227,500	4,205,000
2025		1,825,000	1,183,750	1,183,750	4,192,500
2026		1,925,000	1,138,125	1,138,125	4,201,250
2027		2,025,000	1,090,000	1,090,000	4,205,000
2028		2,125,000	1,039,375	1,039,375	4,203,750
2029		2,225,000	986,250	986,250	4,197,500
2030		2,350,000	930,625	930,625	4,211,250
2031		2,475,000	871,875	871,875	4,218,750
2032		2,600,000	810,000	810,000	4,220,000
2033		2,725,000	745,000	745,000	4,215,000
2034		2,875,000	676,875	676,875	4,228,750
2035		3,025,000	605,000	605,000	4,235,000
2036		3,175,000	529,375	529,375	4,233,750
2037		3,325,000	450,000	450,000	4,225,000
2038		3,475,000	366,875	366,875	4,208,750
2039		3,625,000	280,000	280,000	4,185,000
2040		3,775,000	189,375	189,375	4,153,750
2041		3,800,000	95,000	95,000	3,990,000

Romeo Community Schools Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness June 30, 2021

2014 Bus Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$3,100,000

Interest rate: 1.93%

Year Ending
June 30,
2022

2020 Facilities Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$19,000,000

Interest rate: 2.00% to 2.25%

Year Ending	
_	
June 30,	
2022	
2023	
2024	
2025	
2026	
2027	
2028	
2029	
2030	
2031	
2032	
2033	
2034	
2035	
2036	
2037	
2038	
2039	
2040	
2041	
2042	
2043	
2044	

May 1st	Novembe	r 1st	May 1st	Red	quirements_
\$ 500,000	\$ 4	<u>,825</u> \$	4,825	\$	509,650
		Semi-anı	oual		Total
Dringing		erest Pay		Г:	
Principal	-	•		•	scal Year
May 1st	Novembe	r 1St	May 1st	Rec	quirements
\$ 2,025,000	\$ 188	,281 \$	188,281	\$	2,401,562
625,000	168	,031	168,031		961,062
650,000	161	,781	161,781		973,562
675,000	155	,281	155,281		985,562
675,000	148	,531	148,531		972,062
675,000	141	,781	141,781		958,562
675,000		,031	135,031		945,062
700,000		,281	128,281		956,562
700,000		,281	121,281		942,562
700,000		,281	114,281		928,562
700,000		,281	107,281		914,562
700,000		,281	100,281		900,562
700,000		,281	93,281		886,562
700,000		,281	86,281		872,562
725,000		,281	79,281		883,562
750,000		.,031	72,031		894,062
775,000		,063	64,063		903,126
800,000		,828	55,828		911,656
825,000		,328	47,328		919,656
850,000		,563	38,563		927,126
875,000		,531	29,531		934,062
875,000		,688	19,688		914,376
875,000	9	,844	9,844	<u> </u>	894,688

\$ 18,250,000 \$ 2,265,841 \$ 2,265,841 \$ 22,781,682

Semi-annual

Interest Payments

Principal

Total

Fiscal Year